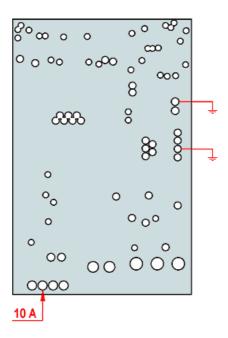
# QuickField simulation report

#### **PCB** heating

Calculation of the PCB temperature



This automatically generated document consists of several sections, which specify the problem setup and finite element analysis simulation results. Navigation links in the top of each page lead to corresponding sections of this report.

Problem description and QuickField simulation files: <a href="https://quickfield.com/advanced/pcb-heating.htm">https://quickfield.com/advanced/pcb-heating.htm</a>

### **Problem info**

Problem type: DC Conduction

Geometry model class: Plane-Parallel

Problem database file names:

• Problem: *pcb\_current.pbm* 

• Geometry: *Pcb.mod* 

• Material Data: *Pcb\_current.dcf* 

• Material Data 2 (library): none

• Electric circuit: none

Results taken from other problems:

none

# **Geometry model**

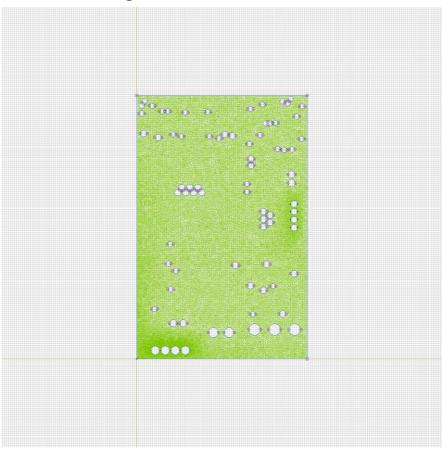


Table 1. Geometry model statistics

	With Label	Total
Blocks	1	68
Edges	3	157
Vertices	0	155

Number of nodes: 25668.

## Labelled objects

There are following labelled objects in the geometry model (Material Data file could contain more labels, but only those labels that assigned to geometric objects are listed)

Blocks:	Edges:	Vertices:
• copper •	<ul><li>boundary</li><li><u>U=0</u></li><li>current 10A</li></ul>	

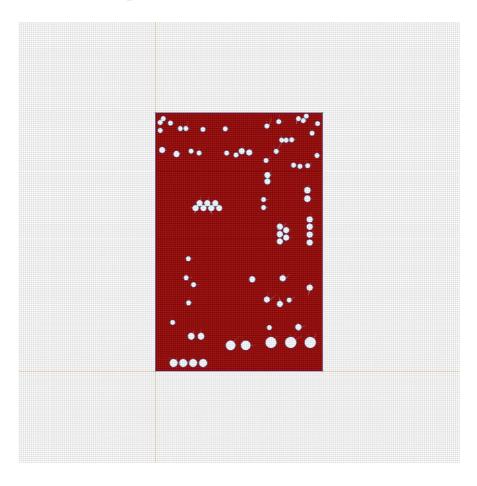
Detailed information about each label is listed below.

Labelled objects: block "copper"
There are (1) objects with this label

Electrical conductivity: sigma\_x=50000000 S/m,

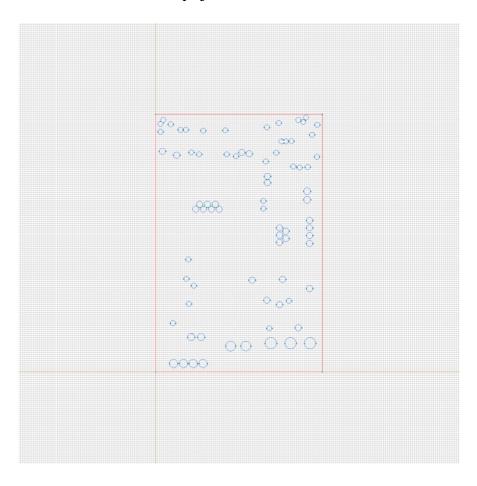
sigma\_y=50000000 S/m

Reference temperature: T=0 K



Labelled objects: edge "boundary" There are (4) objects with this label

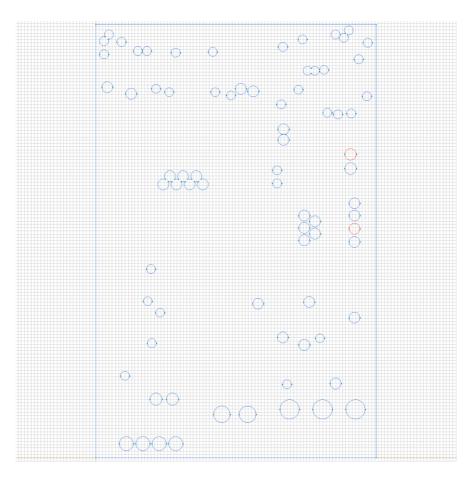
Normal current density: jn=0 A/m2



Labelled objects: edge "U=0"

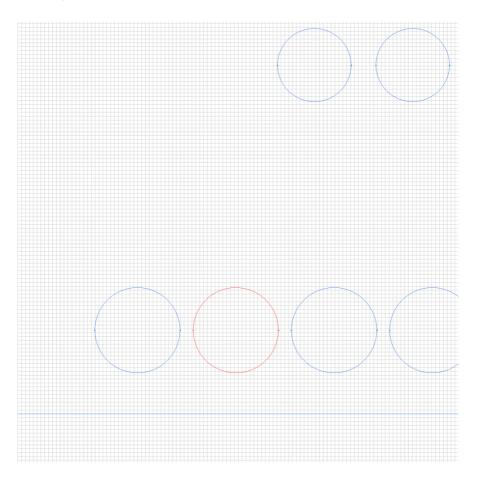
There are (4) objects with this label

Voltage: U=0 V



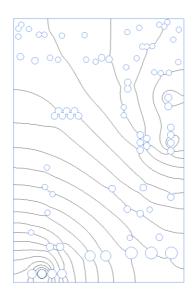
Labelled objects: edge "current 10A" There are (2) objects with this label

Voltage: U=0.01233 V



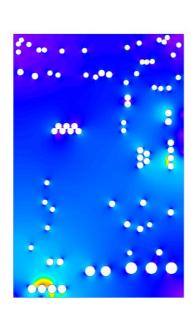
## **Results**

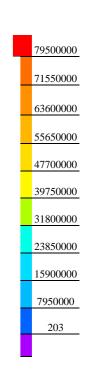
Field lines



### Results

#### Color map of Current density |j| [A/m2]





# Nonlinear dependencies

No non-linear dependencies are used in this problem data