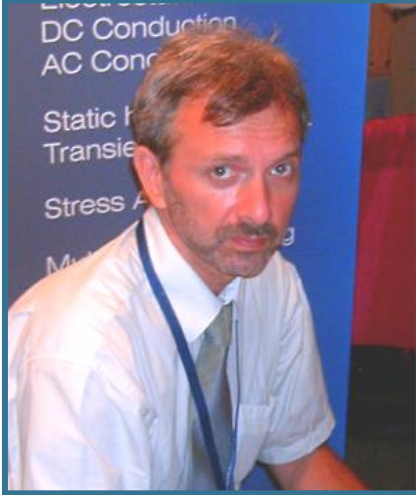




Induction heating modelling with QuickField



Vladimir Podnos

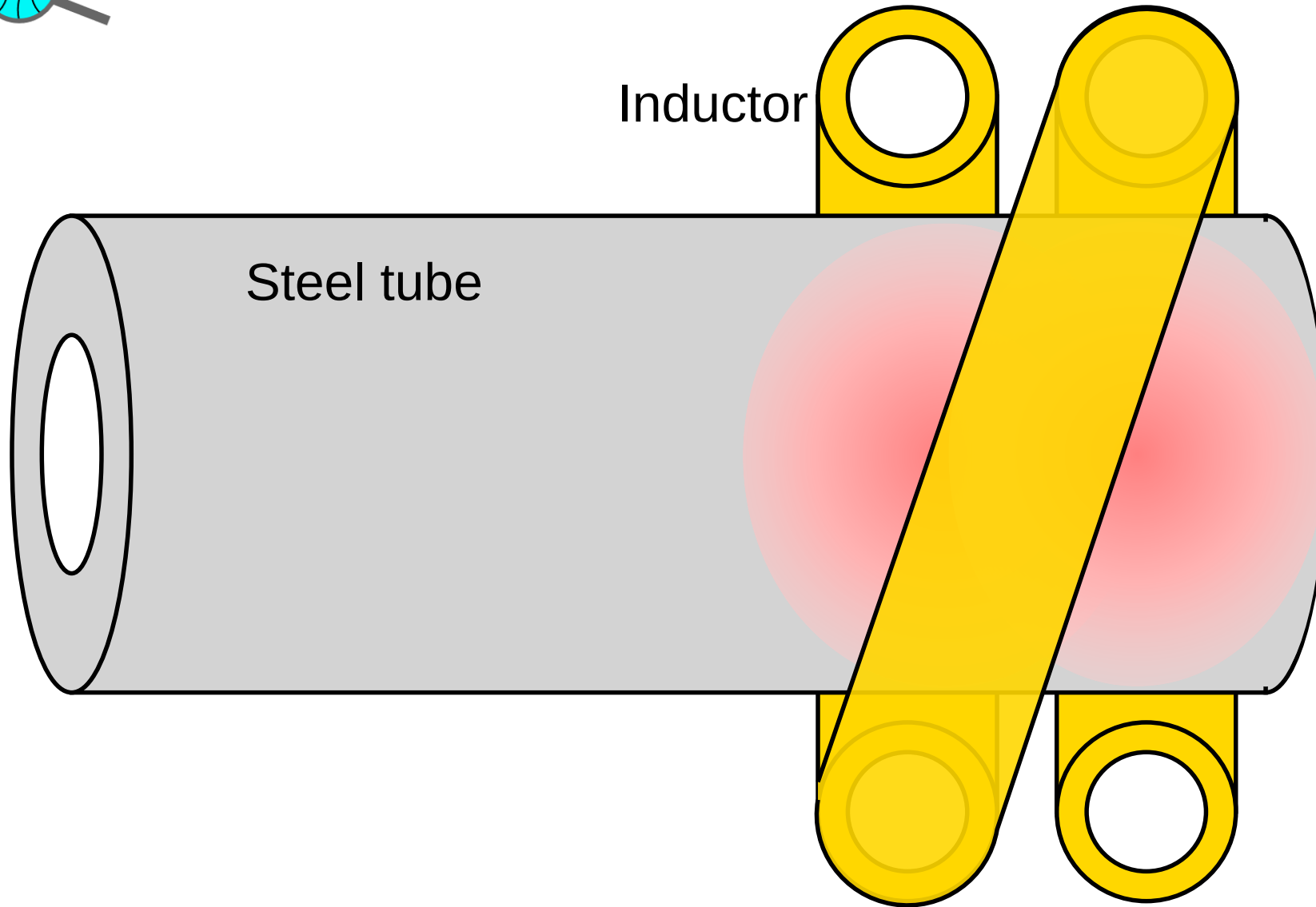
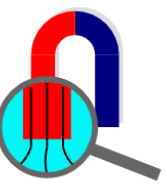
**Director of Marketing and Support
Tera Analysis Ltd.**



Alexander Lyubimtsev

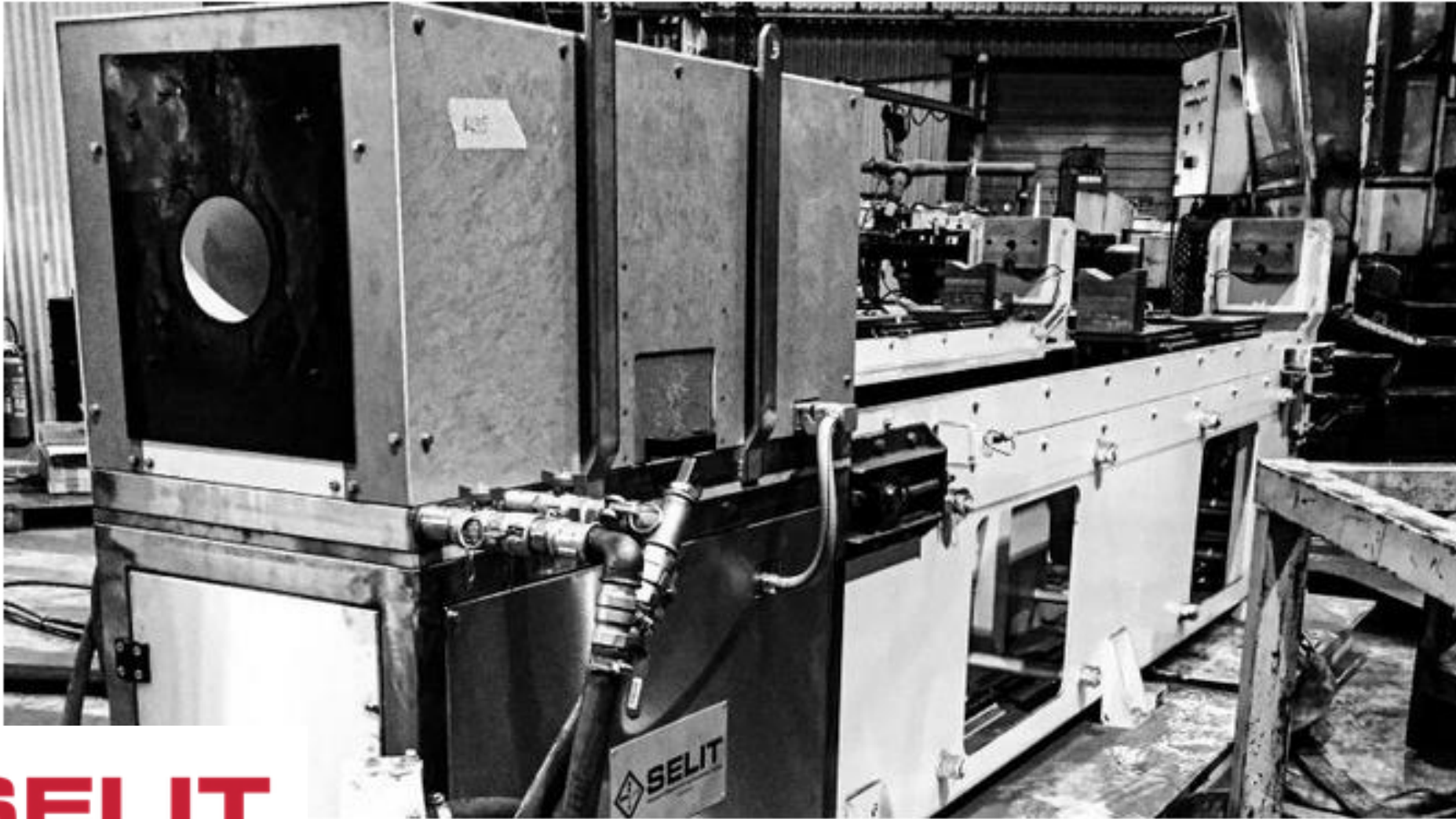
**Support Engineer
Tera Analysis Ltd.**

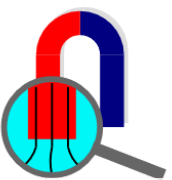
Induction heating modelling with QuickField



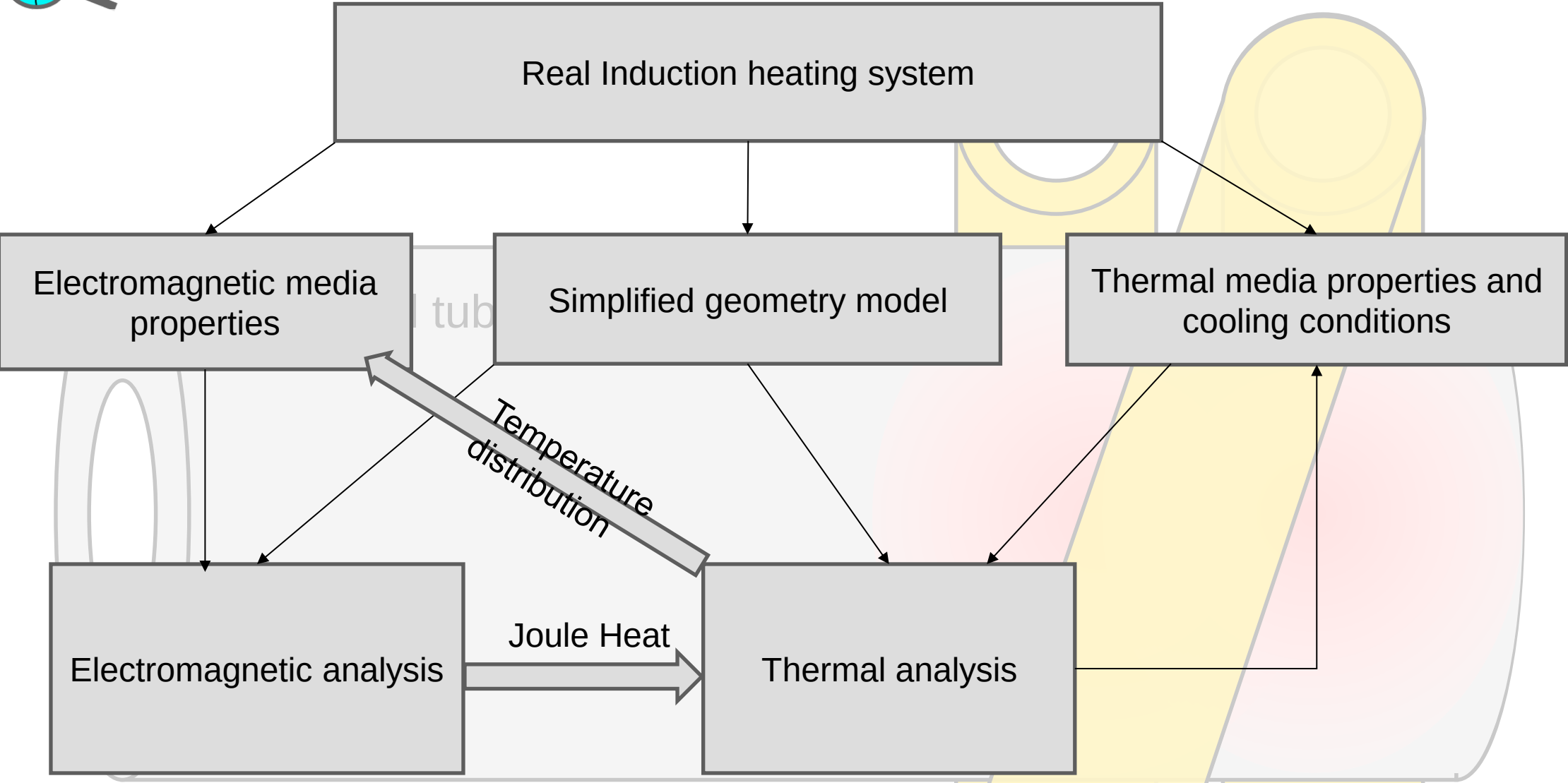


Induction heating modelling with QuickField





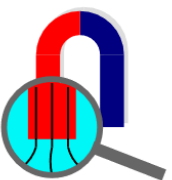
Induction heating simulation schema





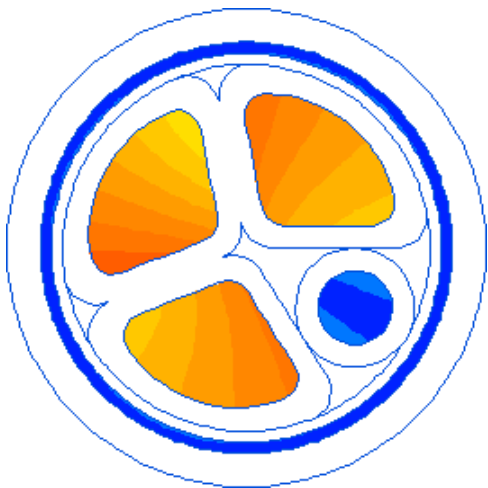
QuickField Analysis Options

Magnetic analysis suite	Magnetostatics
	AC Magnetics
	Transient Magnetic
Electric analysis suite	Electrostatics (2D,3D) and DC Conduction (2D,3D)
	AC Conduction
	Transient Electric field
Thermostructural analysis suite	Steady-State Heat transfer (2D,3D)
	Transient Heat transfer
	Stress analysis



MultiPhysics (2D)

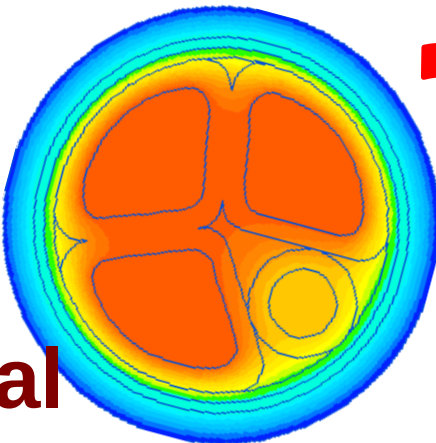
Electromagnetic
fields



Losses



Temperature field



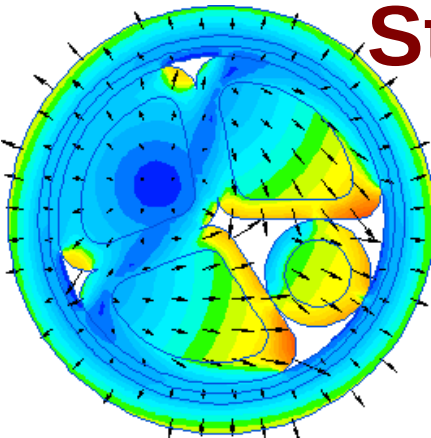
Temperature
field import



Thermal
Stresses

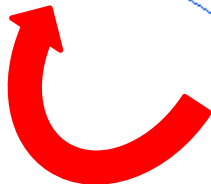


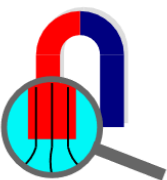
Forces



Stresses & Deformations

Magnetic state
import





MultiPhysics (2D)

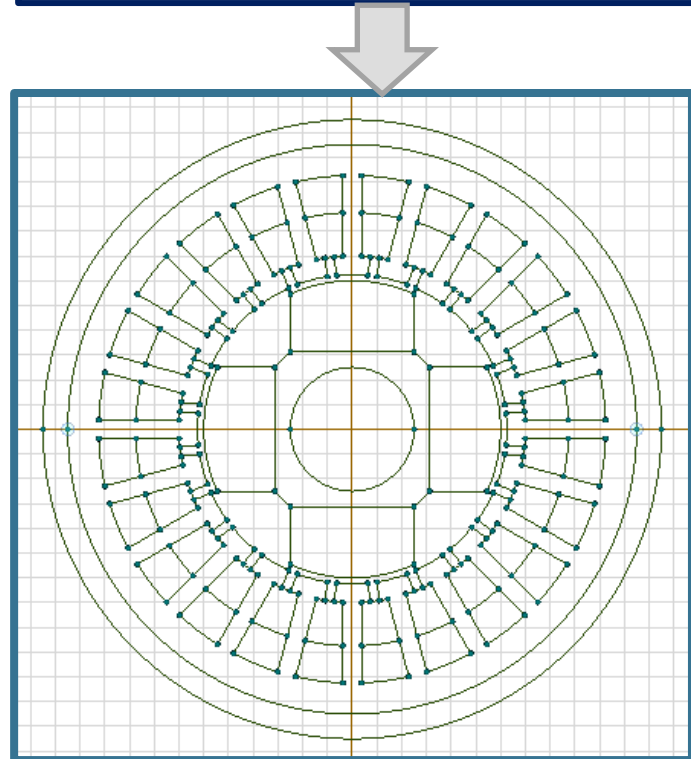
Destination problem

Source problem	DC magnetics	AC magnetics	Transient magnetics	Static heat transfer	Transient heat transfer	Stress Analysis
<u>DC magnetics</u>	Magnetic permeability	Magnetic permeability	Initial magnetic field			Force
<u>AC magnetics</u>				Joule heat	Joule heat	Force
<u>Transient magnetics</u>			Initial magnetic field	Joule heat	Joule heat	Force
<u>Electrostatics</u>						Force
<u>DC conduction</u>				Joule heat	Joule heat	
<u>AC conduction</u>				Joule heat	Joule heat	Force
<u>Static heat transfer</u>		Temperatures			Initial temperatures	Temperatures
<u>Transient heat transfer</u>		Temperatures			Initial temperatures	Temperatures

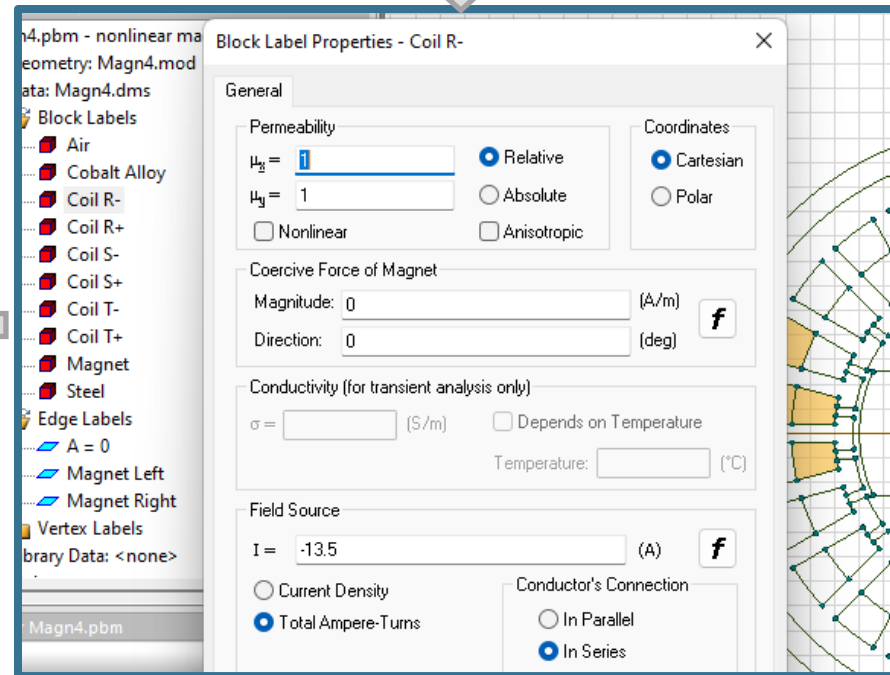


QuickField Workflow

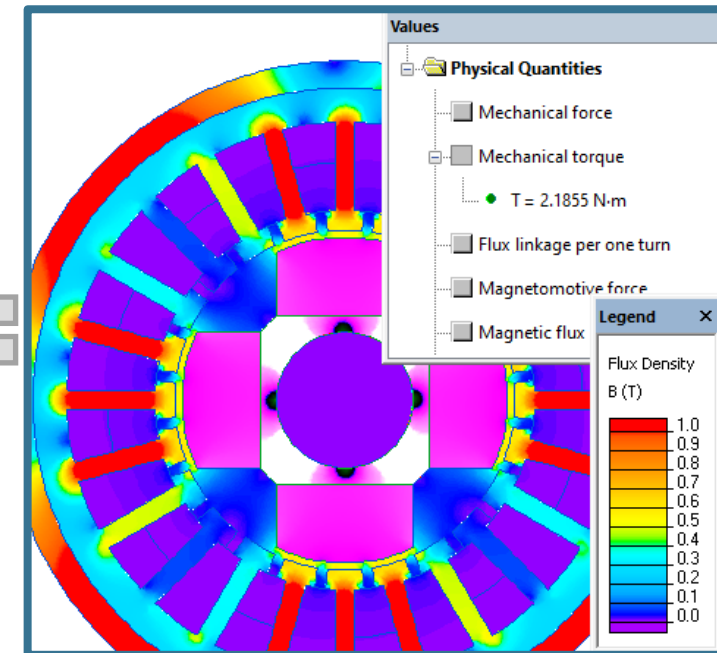
Problem setup



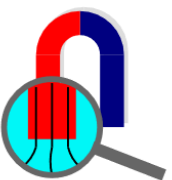
Model editor



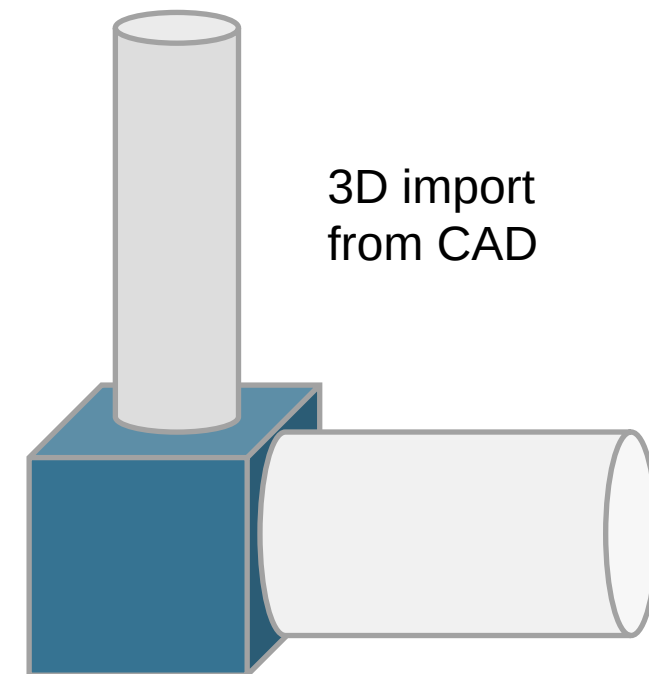
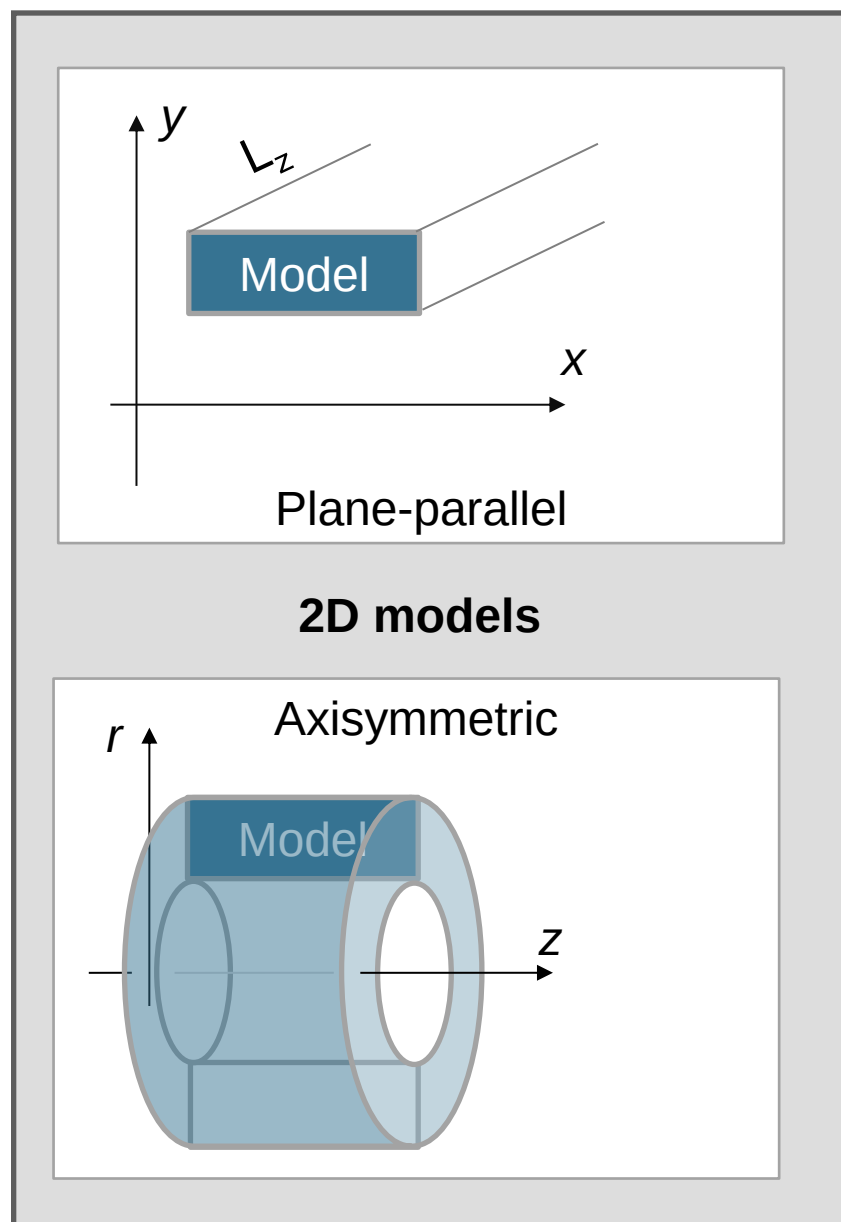
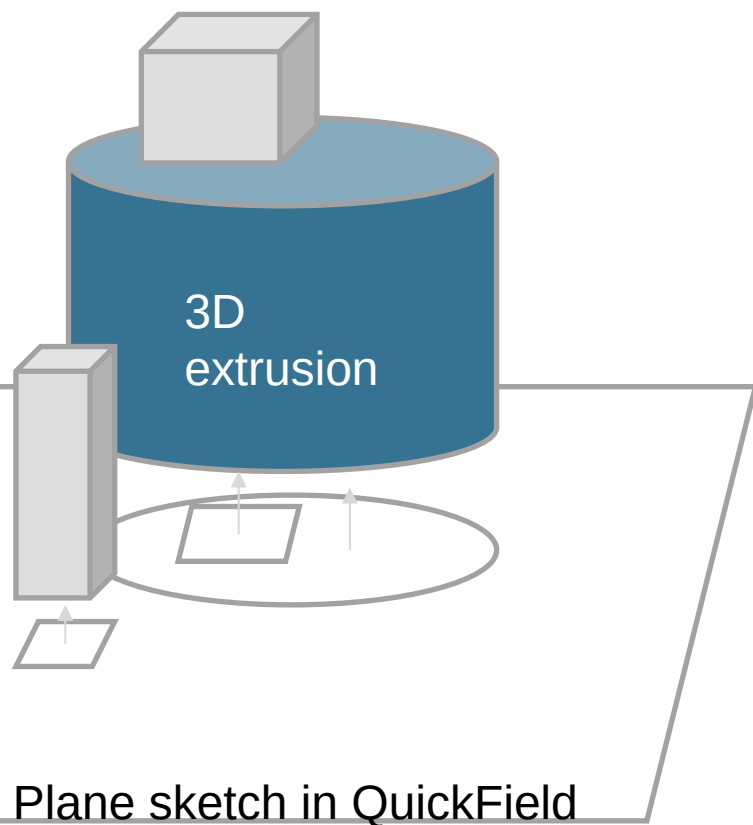
**Material physical properties,
field sources and
boundary conditions**

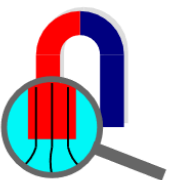


Results analysis

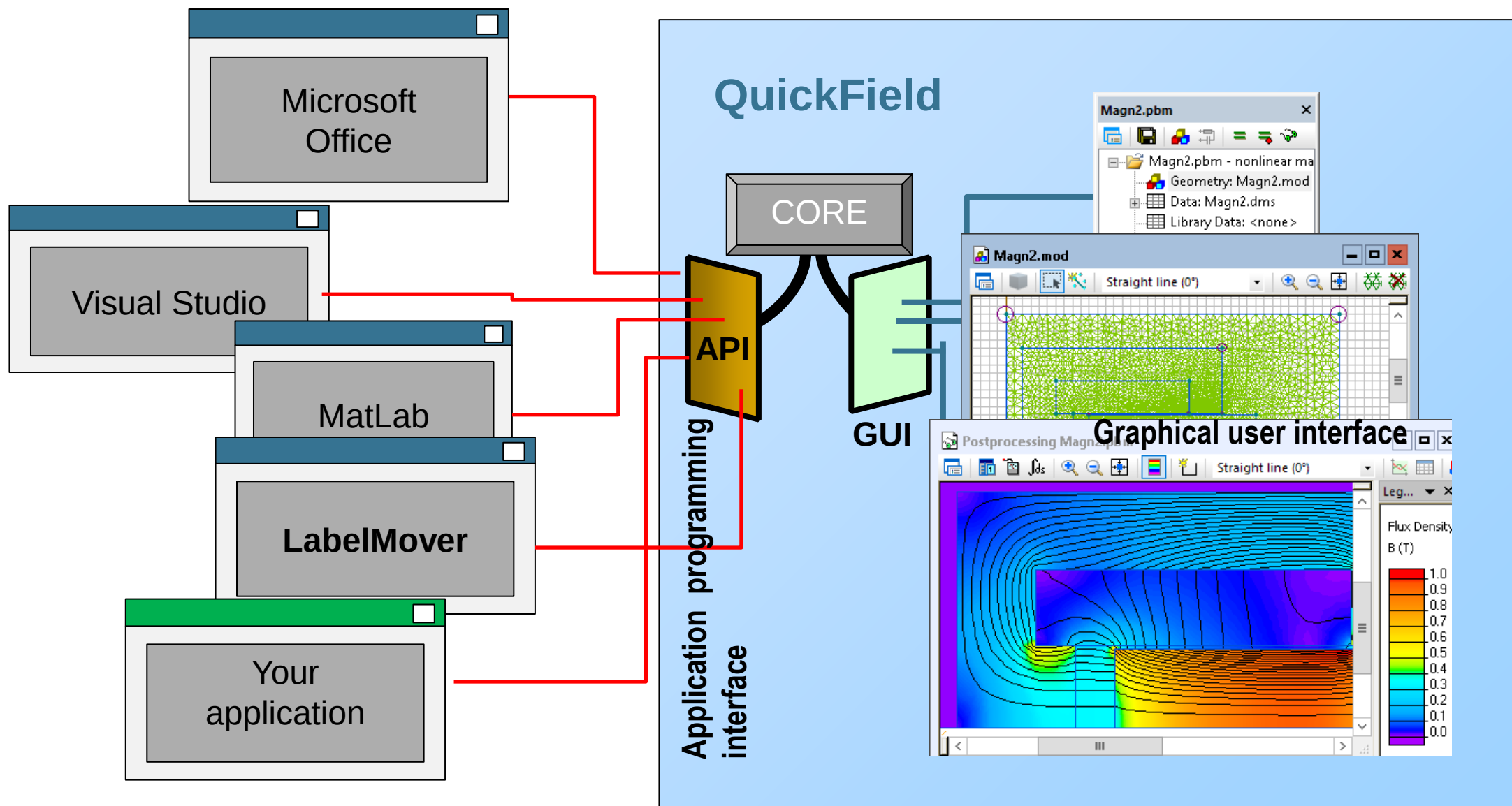


QuickField model class





QuickField API

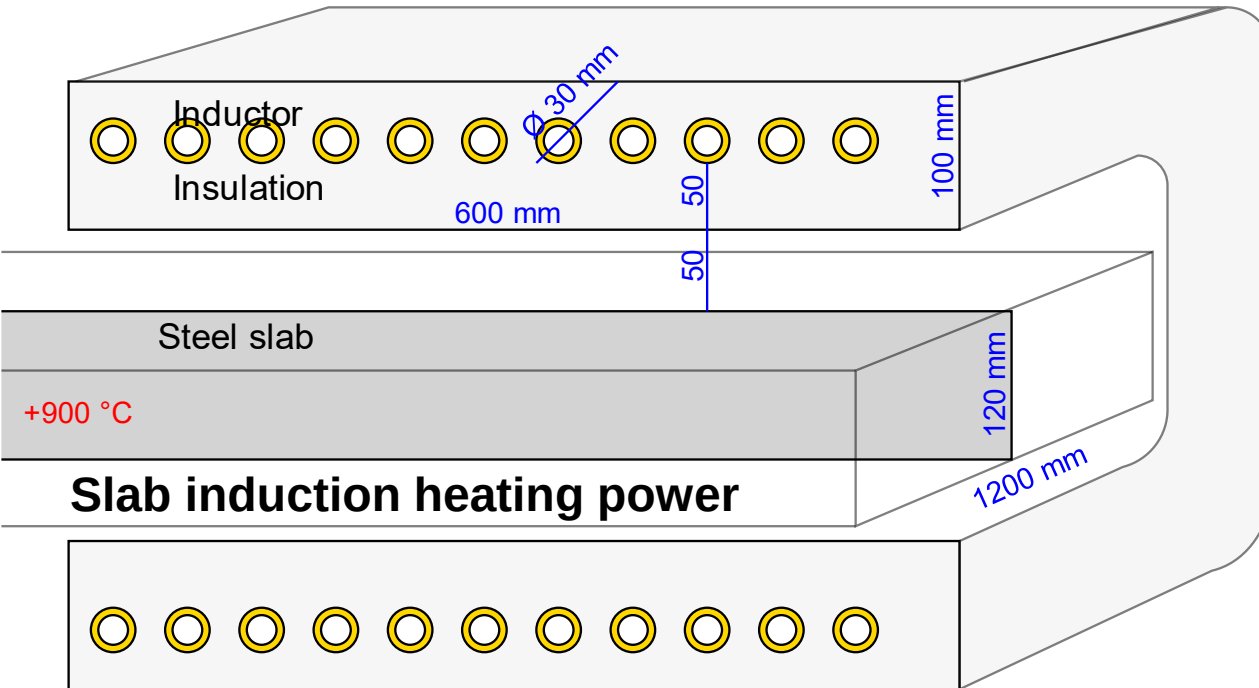
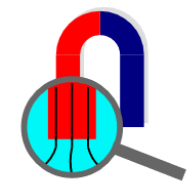




QuickField Difference

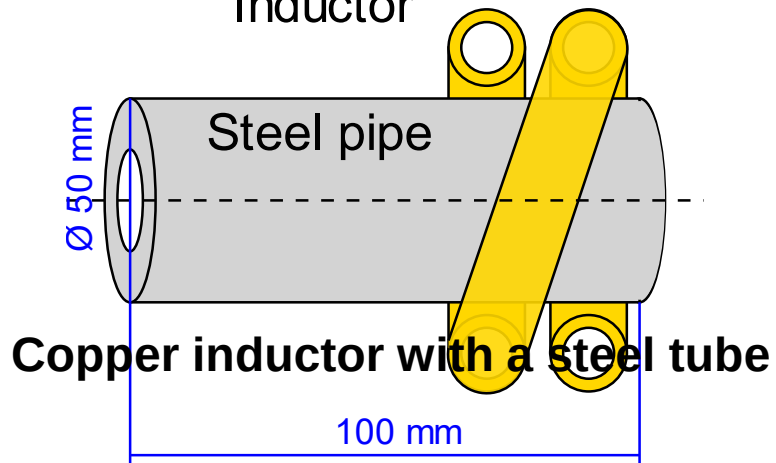


Induction heating modelling with QuickField

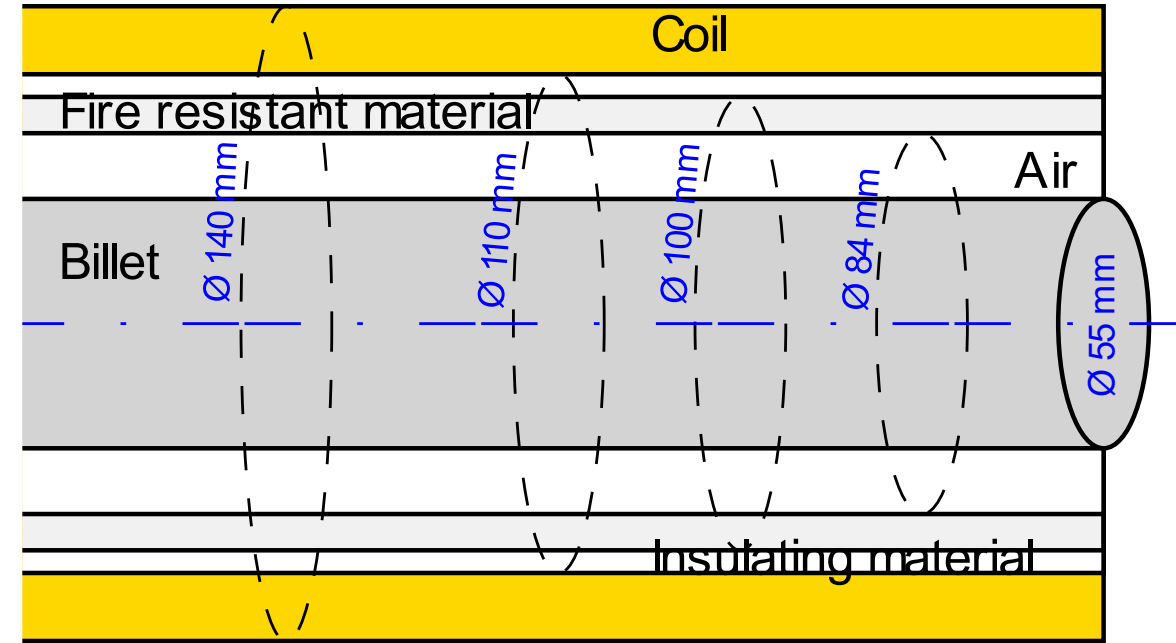


Slab induction heating power

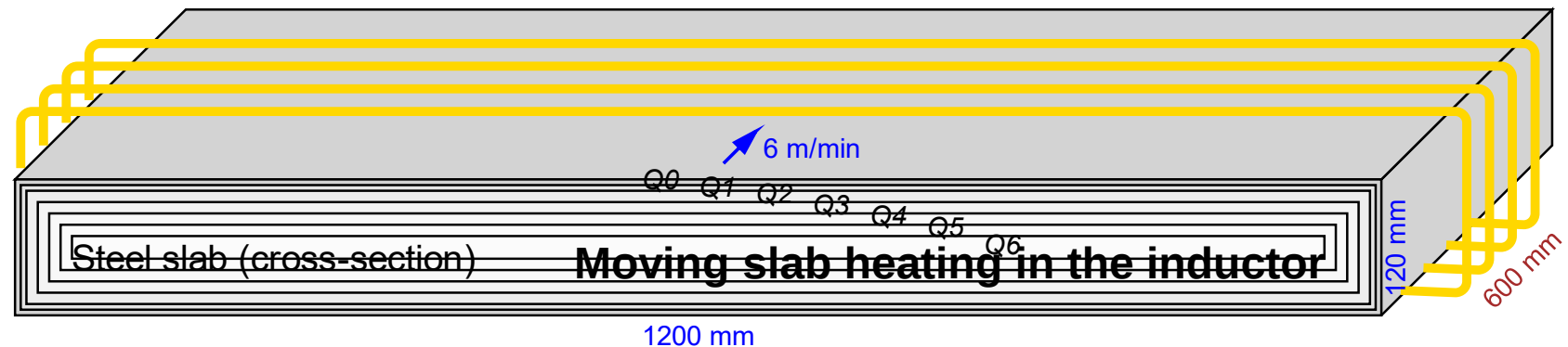
Inductor



Copper inductor with a steel tube



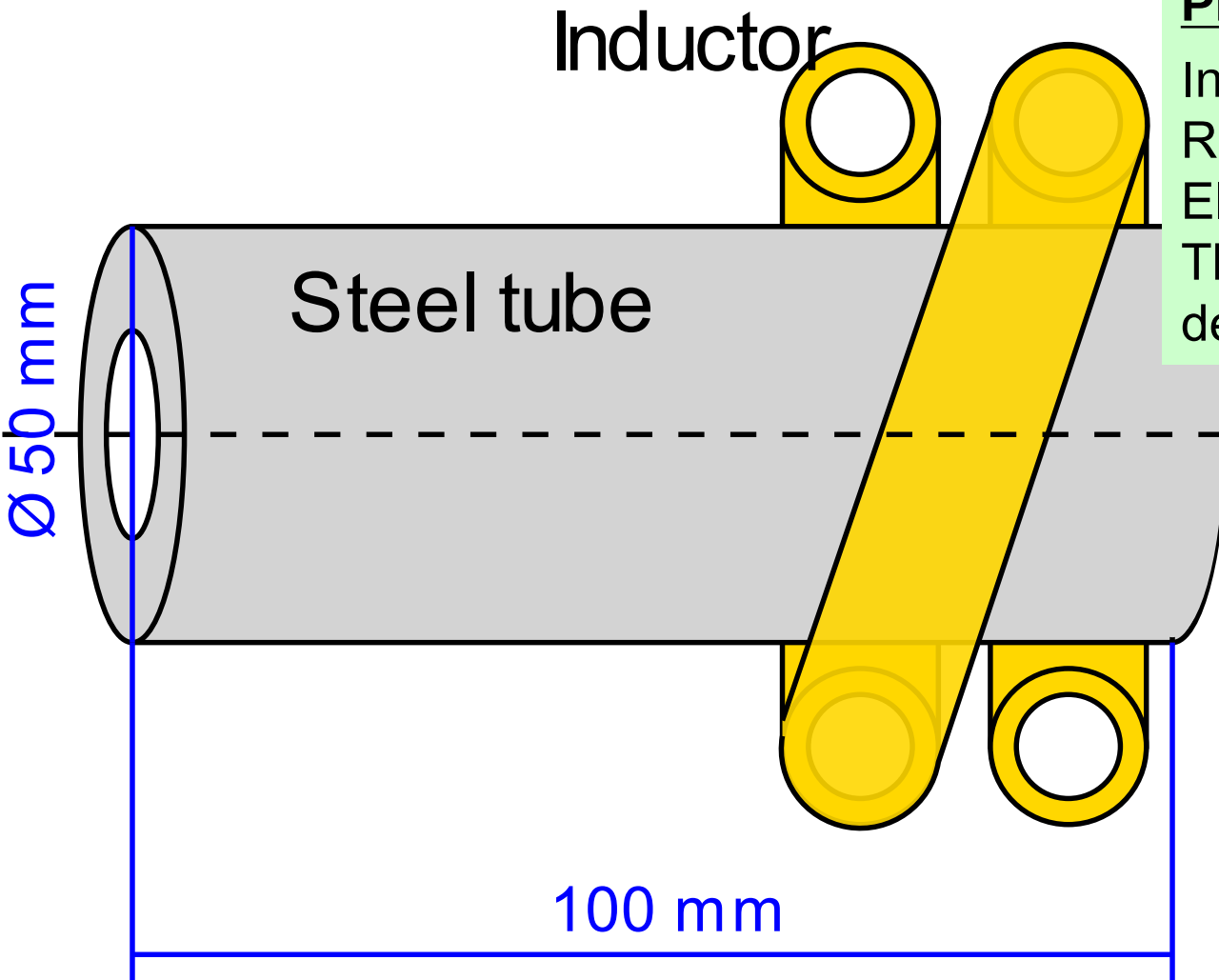
Induction heating of the material with temperature dependent properties



Moving slab heating in the inductor



Copper inductor with a steel tube



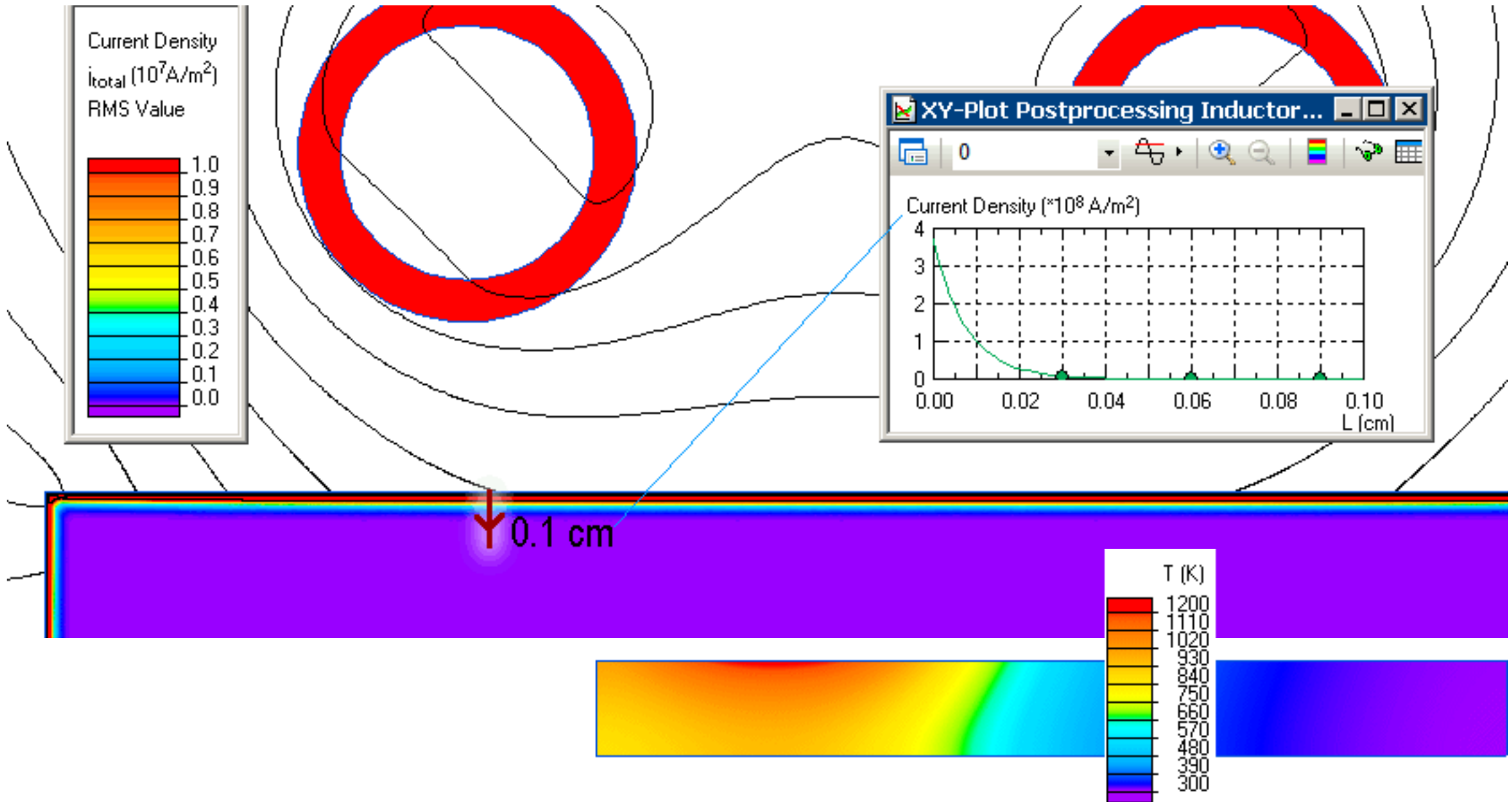
Problem specification:

Inductor current $I = 500$ A (r.m.s), frequency $f = 22$ kHz.
Relative permeability of steel $\mu = 400$;
Electric conductivity of steel $\sigma = 5$ MS/m;
Thermal conductivity of steel $\lambda = 20$ W/K*m,
density $\rho = 7800$ kg/m³, specific heat $C = 420$ J/K*kg.

Task:

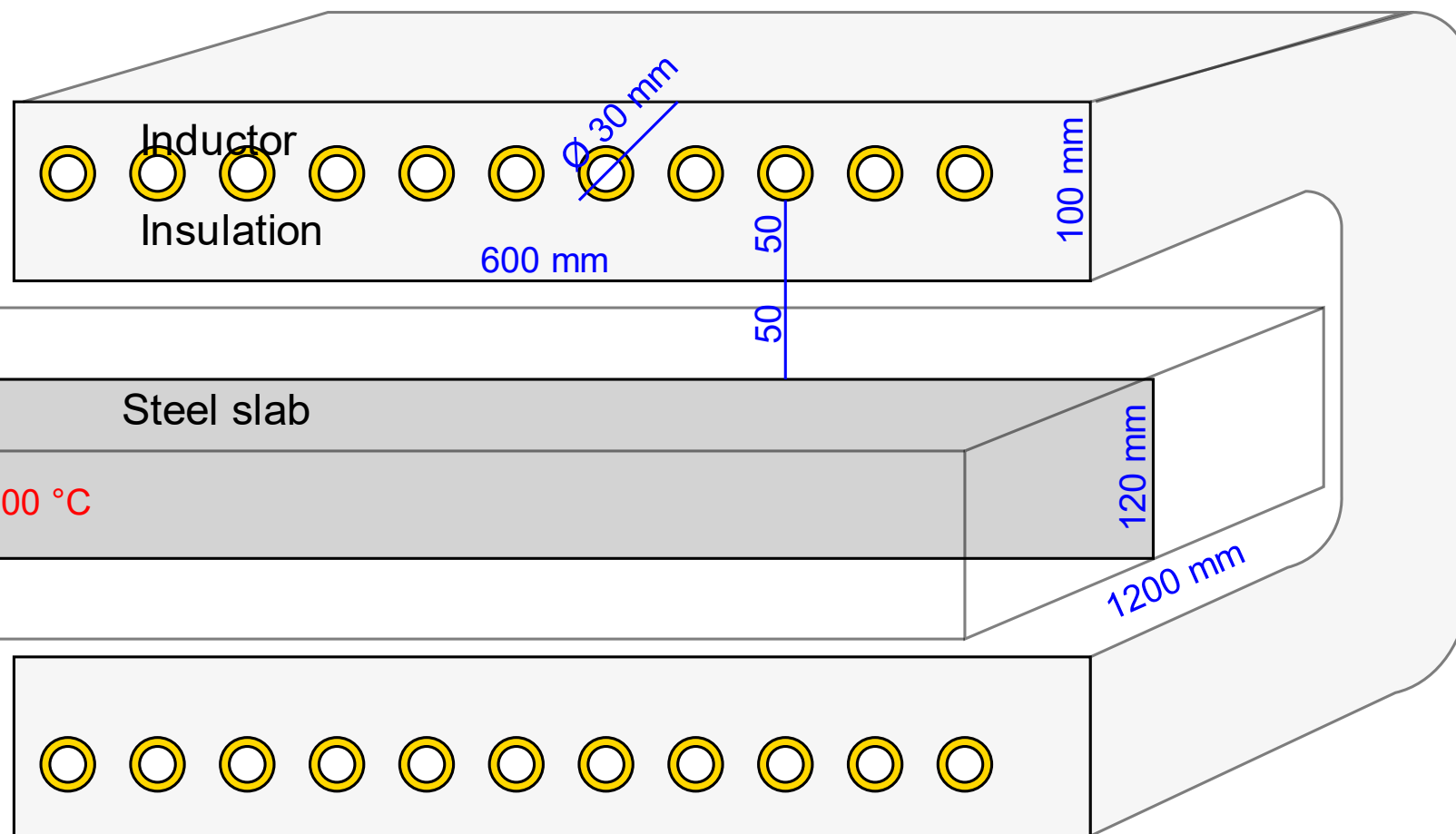
Calculate the temperature distribution in the steel part after 10 s. of heating.

Copper inductor with a steel tube





Slab induction heating power



Problem specification:

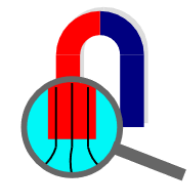
Coil current 12.5 kA (r.m.s),
frequency 150 Hz,
Relative permeability of steel
 $\mu = 1$ at the temperature above
760°C.

Electrical resistivity value
depends on the temperature.

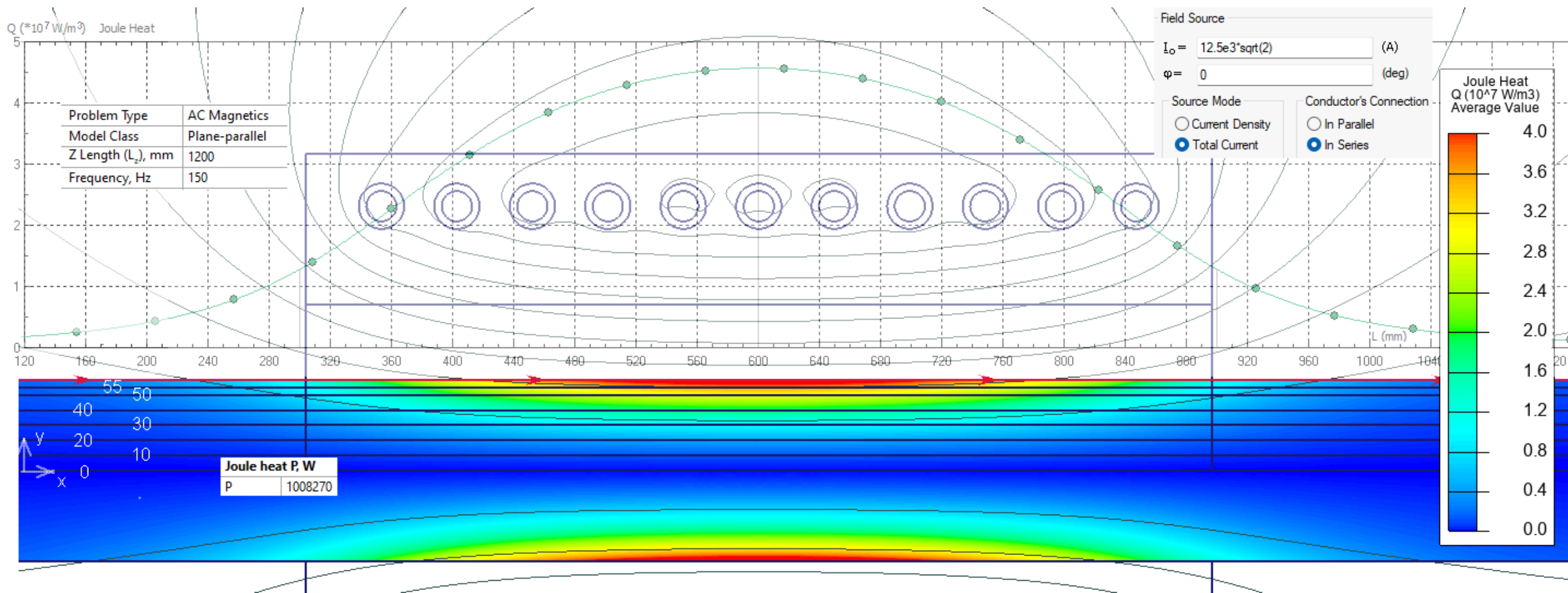
Task:

Calculate the Joule heating power distribution in the steel slab.

https://quickfield.com/advanced/slab_induction_heating.htm

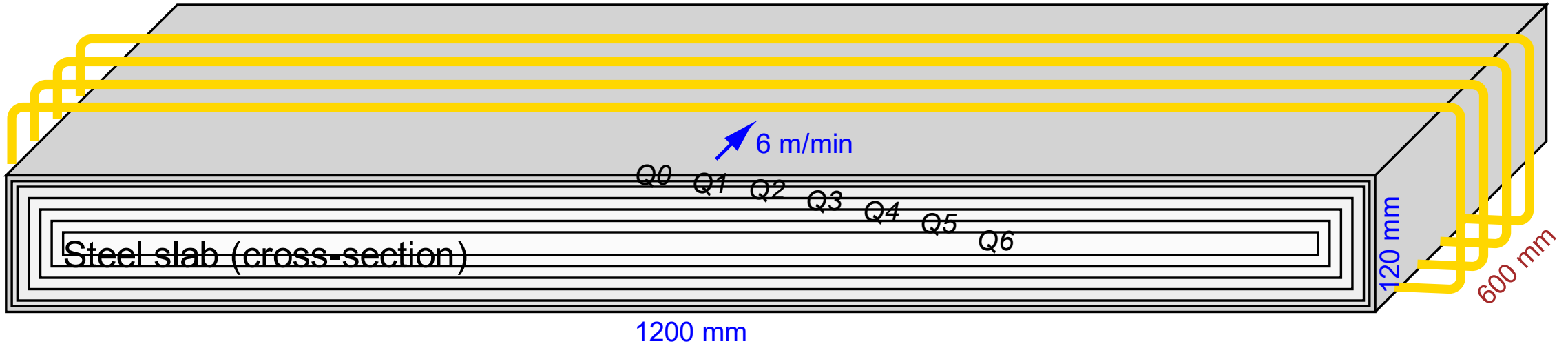


Slab induction heating power





Moving slab heating in the inductor



Problem specification:

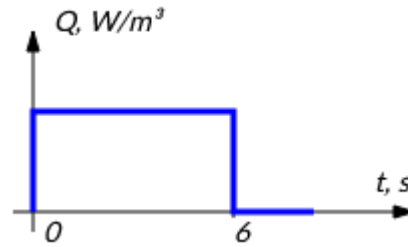
Power density in the slab layers Q is calculated in the related AC magnetic example.

Slab initial temperature is $+900^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Slab surface emissivity coefficient $\varepsilon = 0.8$, ambient temperature is $+20^{\circ}\text{C}$.

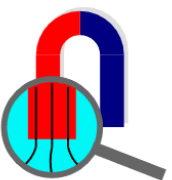
Density of steel $\rho = 7880 \text{ kg/m}^3$.

Thermal conductivity and heat capacity depends on the temperature.



Task:

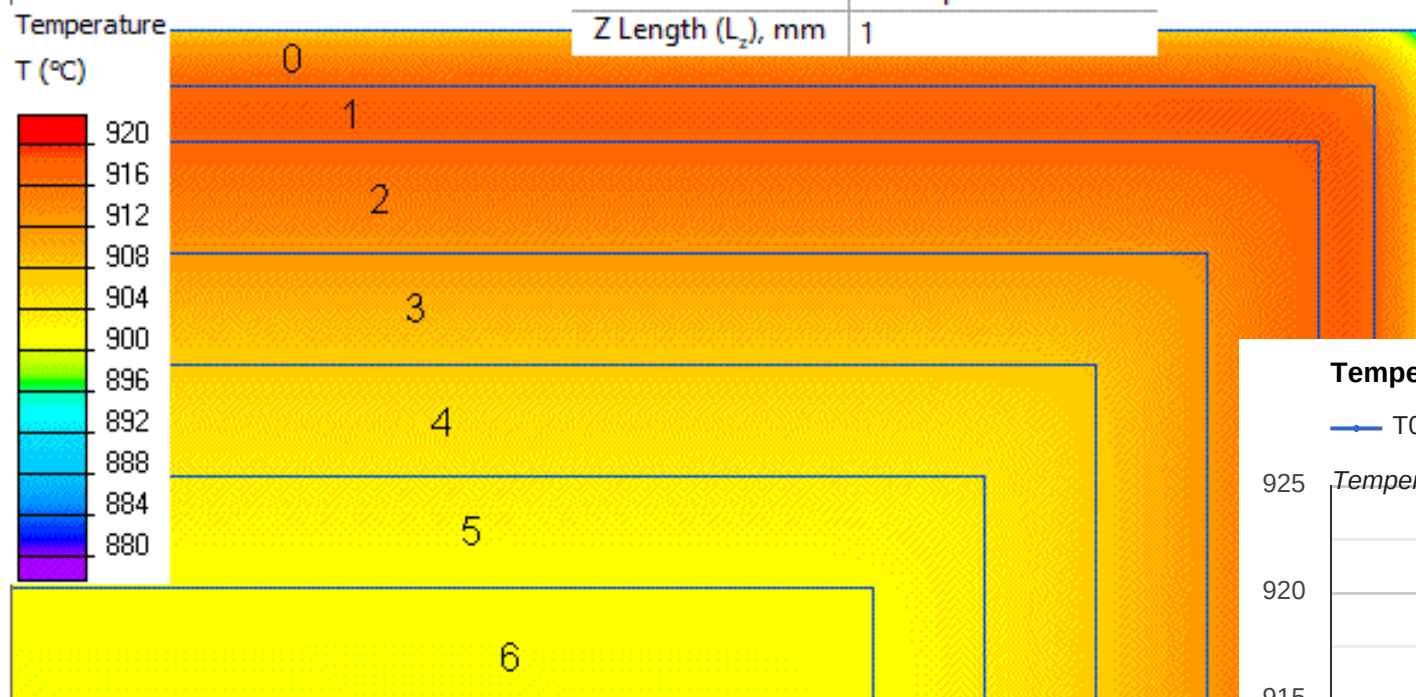
Calculate the temperature distribution in the steel slab.



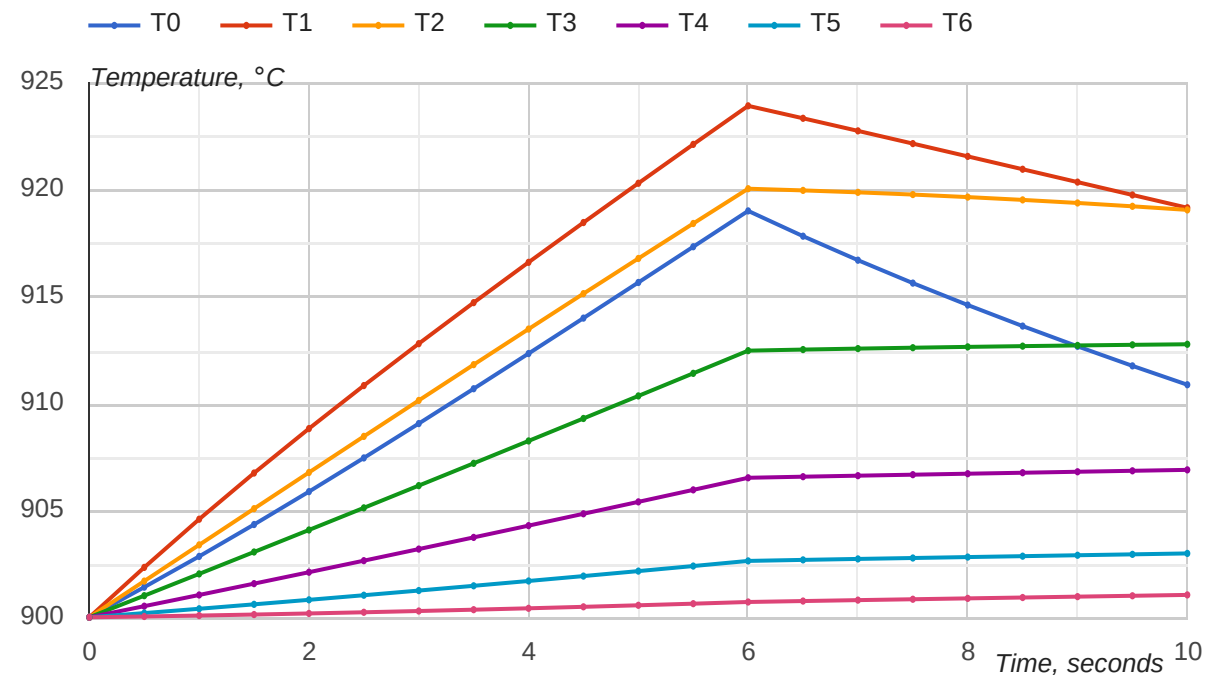
Moving slab heating in the inductor

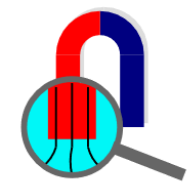
Time: 5

Problem Type	Transient Heat Transfer
Model Class	Plane-parallel
Z Length (L_z), mm	1

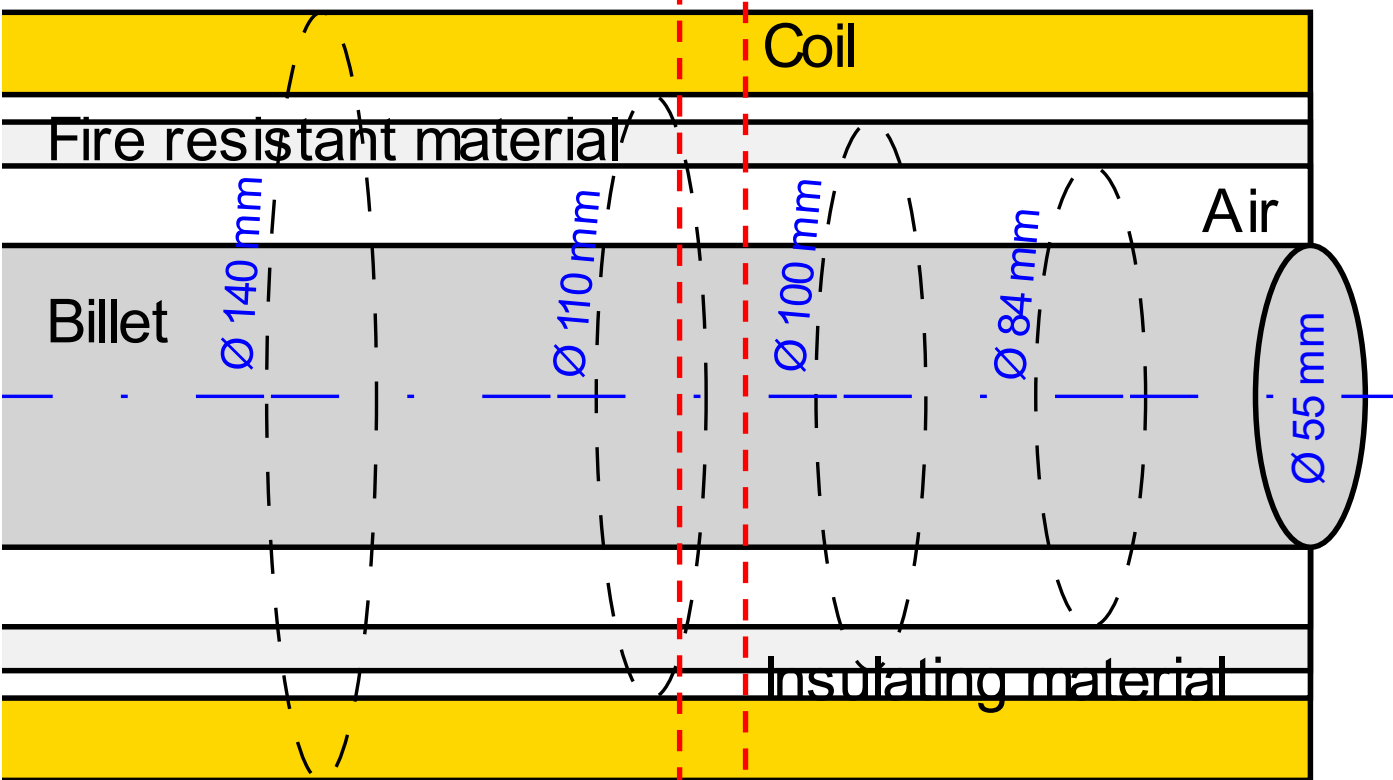


Temperature vs. time in the layers of the slab





Induction heating of the material with temperature dependent properties



Problem specification:

The initial temperature is 25°C.

Coil linear current density is 700 A (r.m.s) per 1 cm of the coil length.

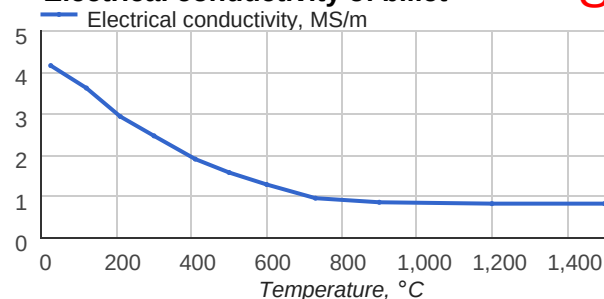
Frequency is 8 kHz.

Billet density 7860 kg/m³.

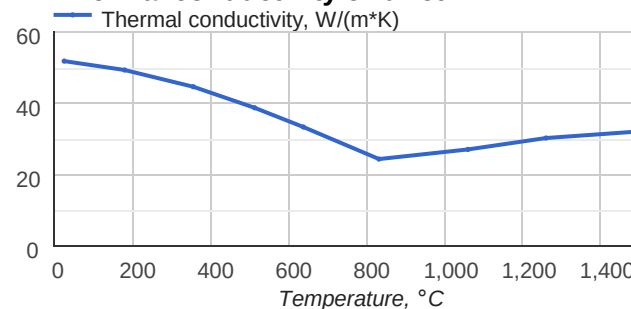
Task:

Calculate the temperature distribution in the billet during the induction heating process.

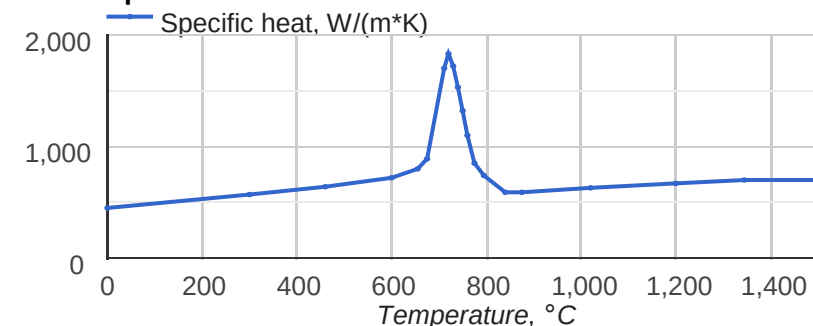
Electrical conductivity of billet

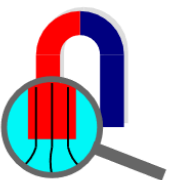


Thermal conductivity of billet



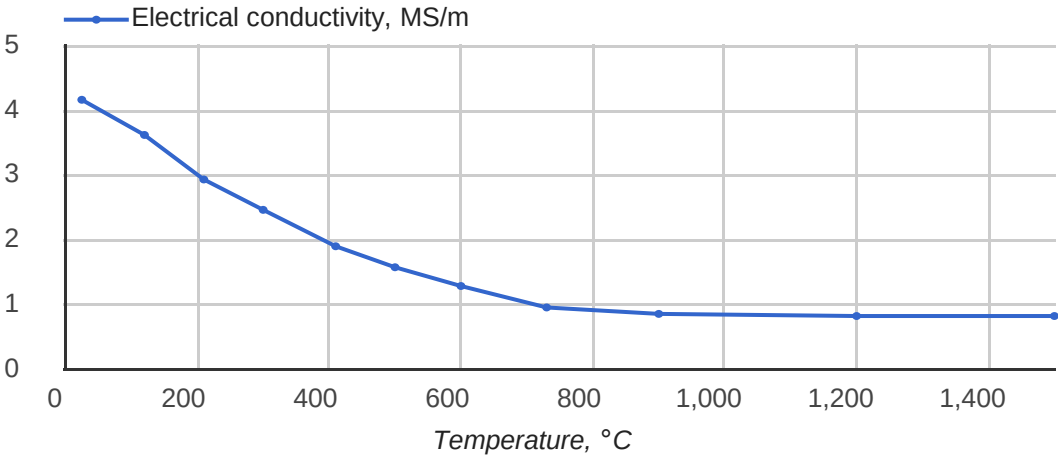
Specific heat of billet



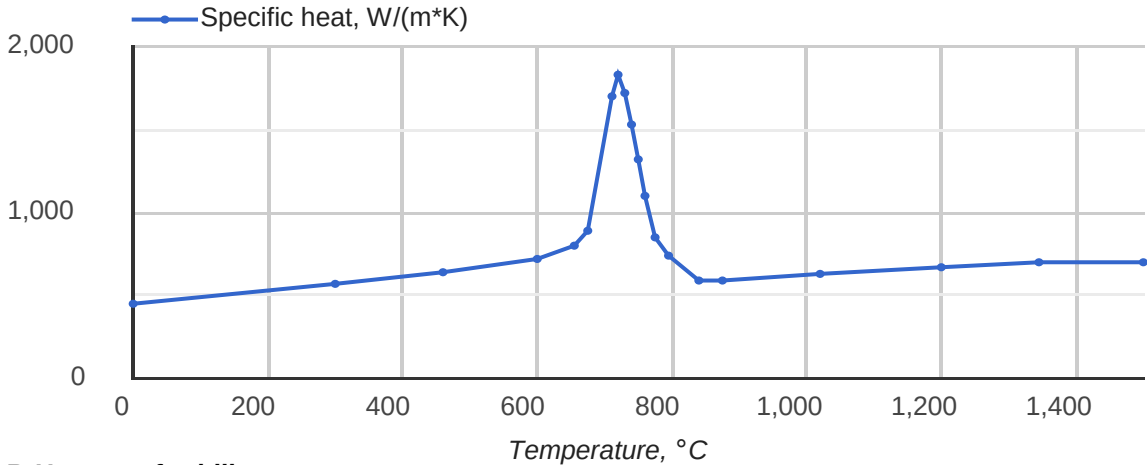


Induction heating of the material with temperature dependent properties

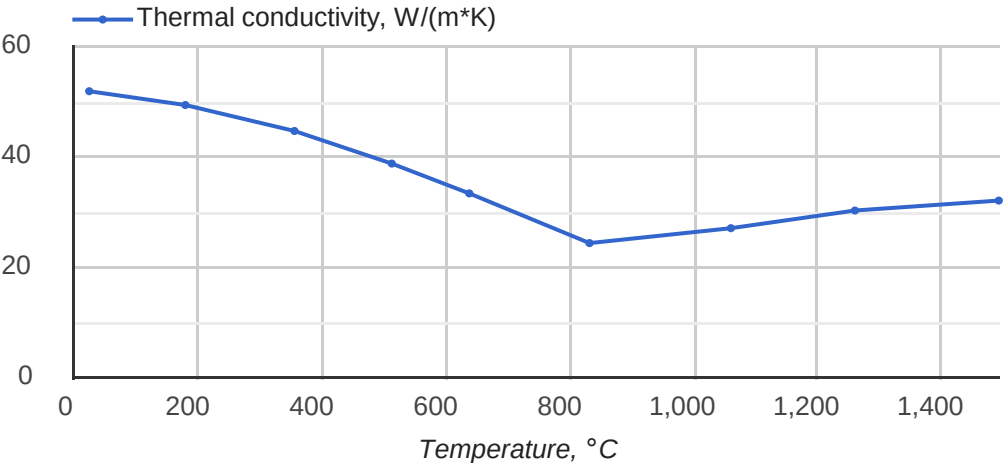
Electrical conductivity of billet



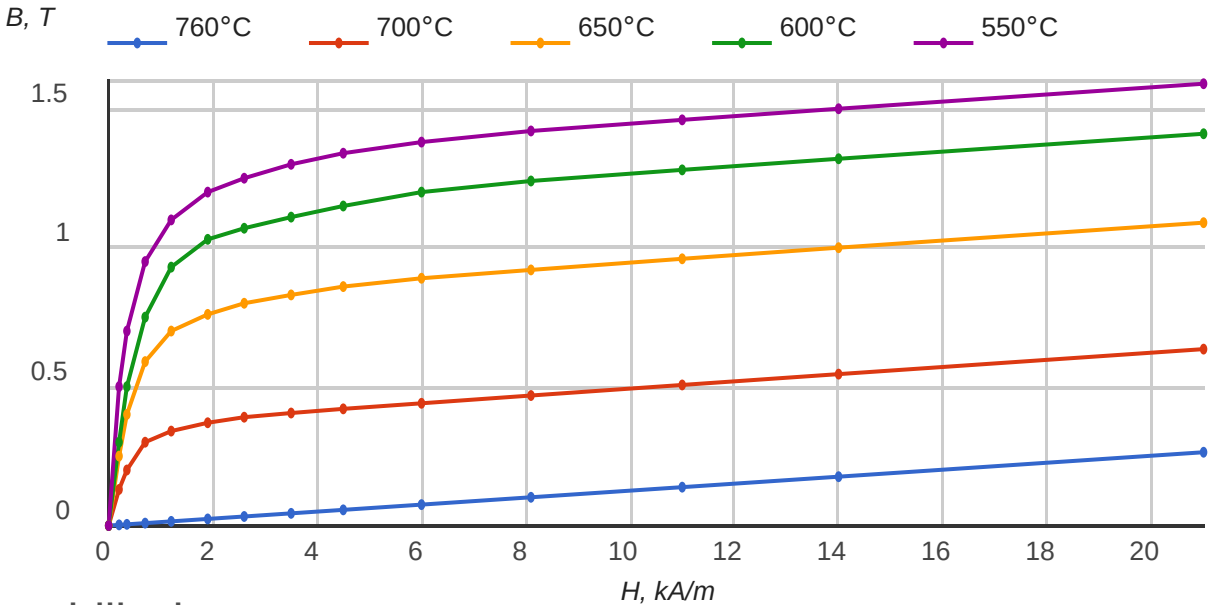
Specific heat of billet

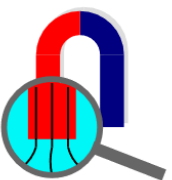


Thermal conductivity of billet

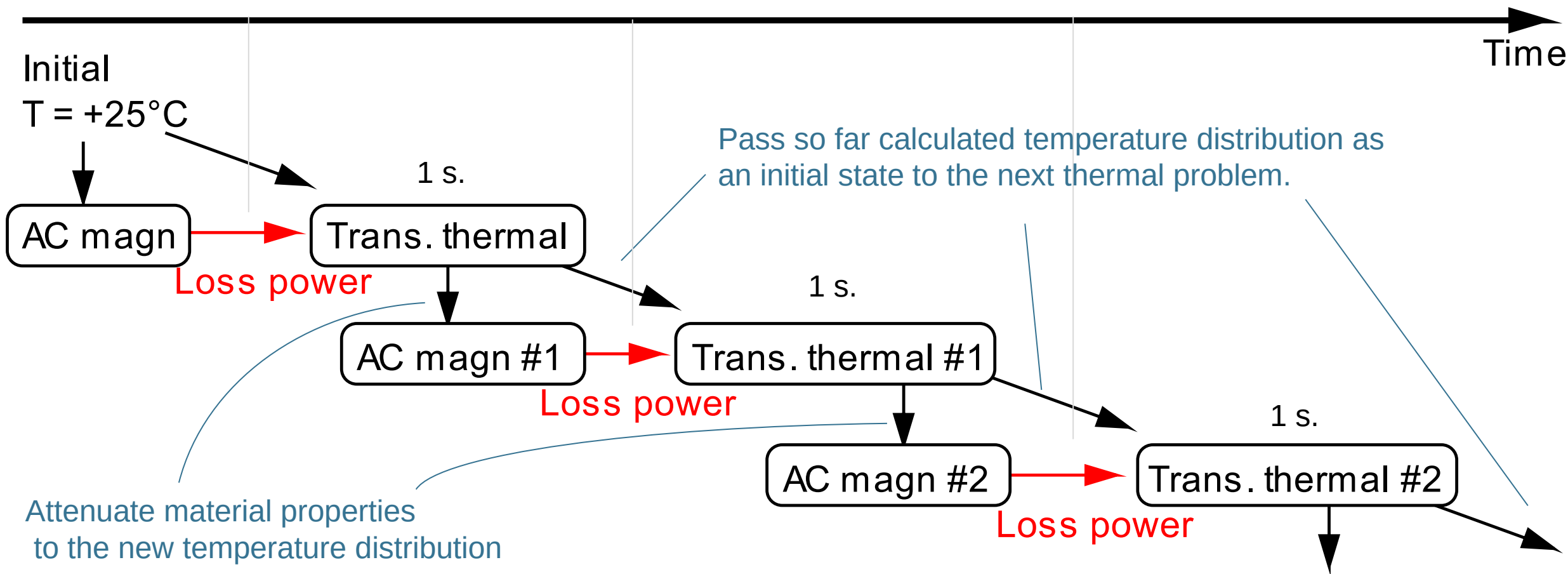


B-H curves for billet





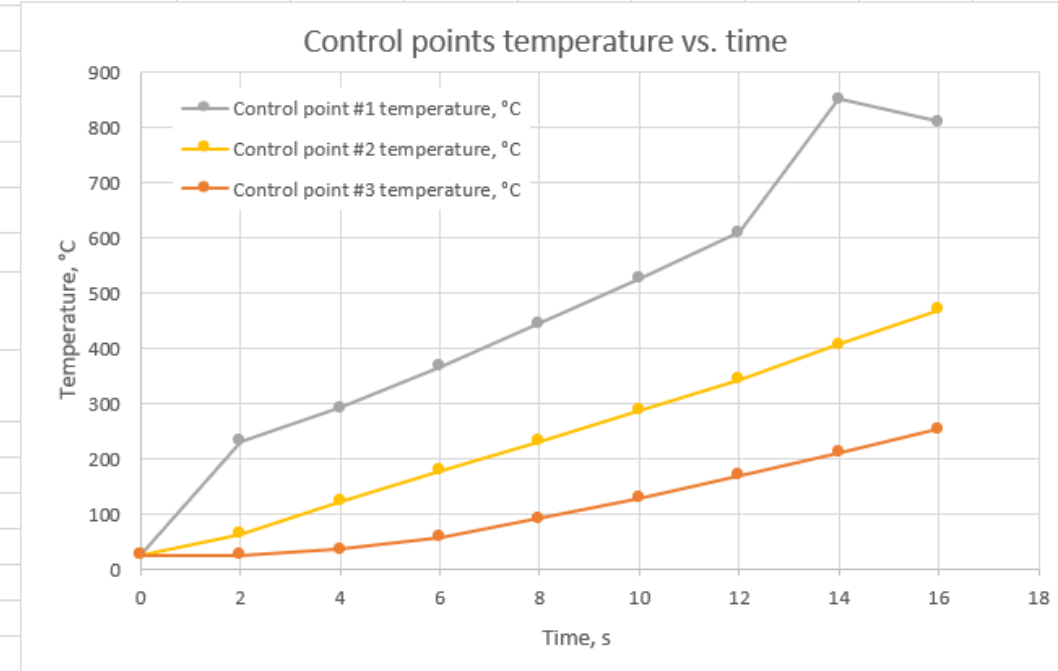
Induction heating of the material with temperature dependent properties

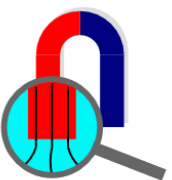




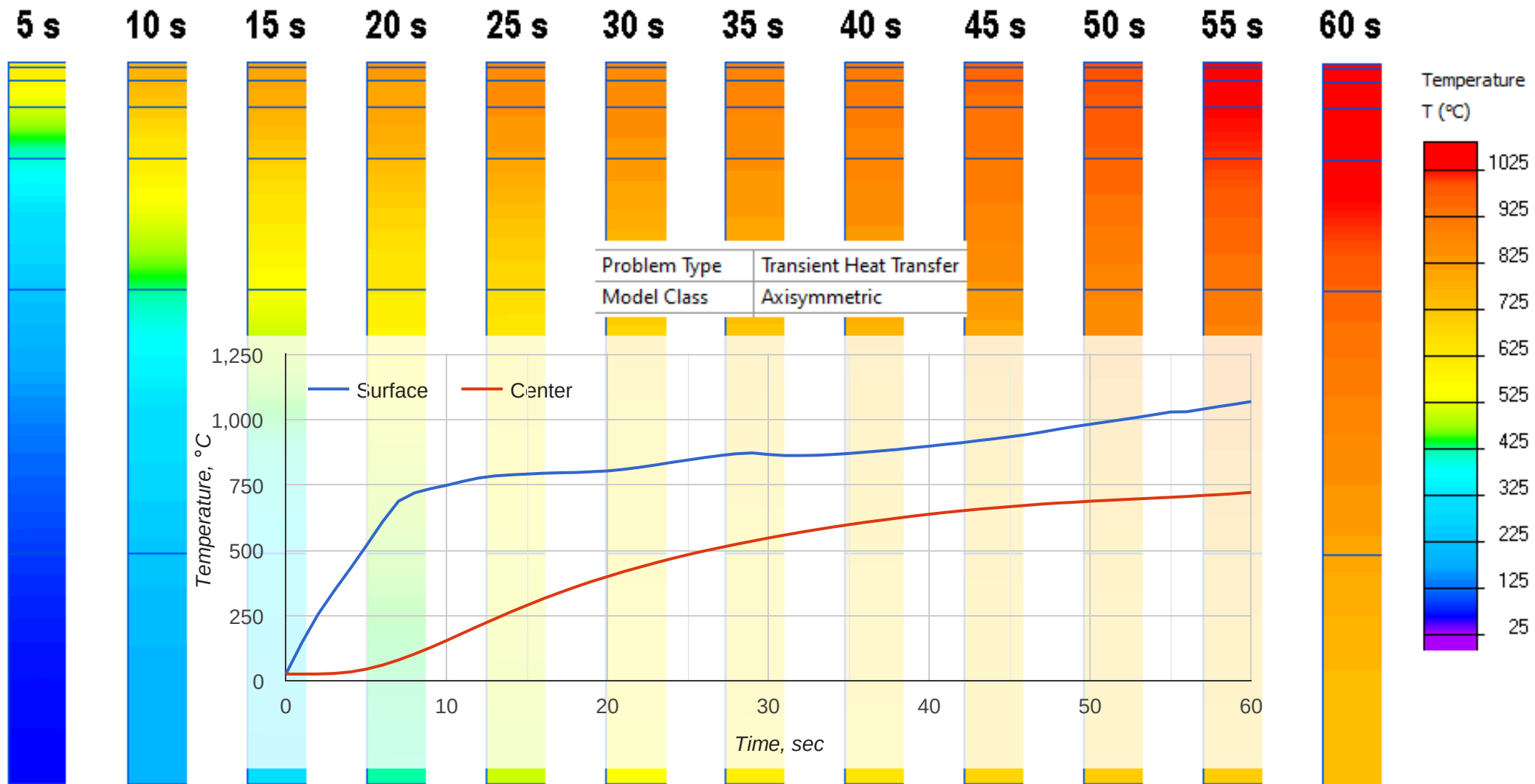
Induction heating of the material with temperature dependent properties

Start/Continue				Reset			
	Stage number:	7					
	Stage beginning time:	14					
	Stage ending time:	16					
	Work folder:	D:\temp\induction_heating_script\IHD_4					
	Status messages:	Stopped. Control point 1 temperature exceeds the defined limit.					
Stage number	Time, s	Control point #1 temperature, °C	Control point #2 temperature, °C	Control point #3 temperature, °C	Click on the problem name to see a field view		
					Magnetic problem	Transient Heat Transfer problem	
0	0	25	25	25			
0	2	232	64	26	Ac.pbm	HT.pbm	
1	4	292	123	35	Ac1.pbm	HT1.pbm	
2	6	367	178	58	Ac2.pbm	HT2.pbm	
3	8	444	232	91	Ac3.pbm	HT3.pbm	
4	10	525	287	129	Ac4.pbm	HT4.pbm	
5	12	609	343	169	Ac5.pbm	HT5.pbm	
6	14	851	406	211	Ac6.pbm	HT6.pbm	
7	16	810	470	254	Ac7.pbm	HT7.pbm	





Induction heating of the material with temperature dependent properties





This recording is over

**More recordings and simulation
examples at
www.quickfield.com**

Your feedback is welcome: support@quickfield.com